

Indianapolis Power & Light Company Eagle Valley Generating Station

> Ash Pond System Emergency Action Plan for CCR Rule Compliance

> > Prepared by

Sargent & Lundy

55 East Monroe Street Chicago, IL 60603-5780 USA 312-269-2000 www.sargentlundy.com

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INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY EAGLE VALLEY GENERATING STATION ASH POND SYSTEM EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN

ISSUE SUMMARY & CERTIFICATION

This is to confirm that this report has been prepared, reviewed, and approved in accordance with Sargent & Lundy's Standard Operating Procedure SOP-0405, which is based on ANSI/ISO/ASSQC Q9001 Quality Management Systems.

	Issue					Pages
<u>Rev.</u>	Purpose	Issue Date	Prepared By	Reviewed By	Approved By	Affected
0	Use	03/31/2017	T. Dehlin	D. Nielson	P. Miner	All
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I certify that this emergency action plan meets the requirements of 40 CFR 257.73(a)(3).

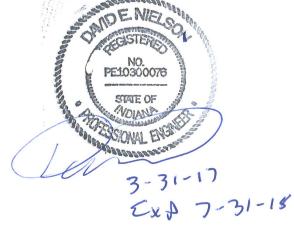
I certify that this report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a registered professional engineer under the laws of the State of Indiana.

Date:

3-31-17

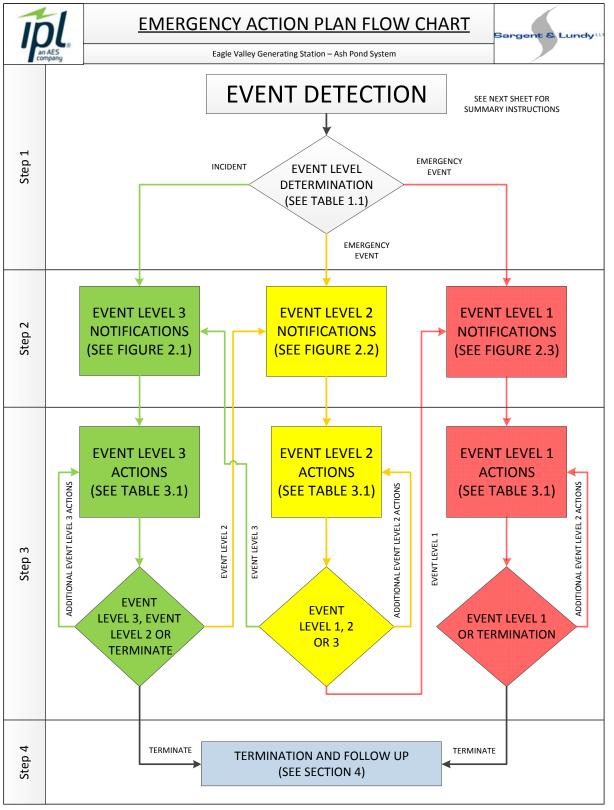
Certified By:

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Indianapolis Power & Light Company Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System Emergency Action Plan for CCR Rule Compliance





<u>FIGURE i</u>





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SUMMARY OF EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN PROCESS

There are four steps that must be followed anytime an incident or emergency event is detected at the Eagle Valley Generating Station – Ash Pond System. The steps are:

- Step 1: Event Detection and Level Determination
- Step 2: Notification and Communication
- Step 3: Expected Actions
- Step 4: Termination and Follow-up

Incidents and emergency events are defined in Section 1.2.1 of this Emergency Action Plan (EAP). Specific actions required for each step will depend on the severity of the situation as defined during Step 1. The actions required for each step of the EAP are summarized graphically on the EAP Flow Chart (Figure i) and are described in the corresponding EAP Section. A summary of each step is provided below.

Step 1 - Event Detection and Level Determination

During the initial step, an incident or emergency event is detected within the Ash Pond System and classified by the EAP Coordinator (or designee) into one of the following event levels:

Event Level 3: Incident, slowly developing Event Level 2: Emergency Event, rapidly developing Event Level 1: Emergency Event, imminent dike failure or flash flooding

Information to help the EAP Coordinator (or designee) determine which of the above event levels is applicable is provided in Section 1 of this EAP.

Step 2 - Notification and Communication

After the event level has been determined, notifications are made in accordance with the appropriate notification flow chart provided in Section 2 of this EAP.

Step 3 - Expected Actions

After the initial notifications are made, the EAP Coordinator (or designee) should refer to Table 3.1 and confer with the Engineering Director (or designee) to develop and execute appropriate preventative actions. During this step of the EAP, there is a continuous process of taking actions, assessing the status of the situation, and keeping others informed through communication channels established during the initial notifications. The EAP may go through multiple event levels during Steps 2 and 3 as the situation either improves or worsens.

Step 4 - Termination and Follow-Up

Once the event has ended or has been resolved, termination and follow-up procedures should be followed as outlined in Section 4 of this EAP. EAP operations can only be terminated after completing operations under Event Level 3 or 1. If Event Level 2 is declared, the operations must be designated Event Level 3 or 1 before terminating the EAP operations.



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PURPOSE

The purpose of the EAP is to reduce the risk of human loss of life and injury during an incident or emergency event at the Eagle Valley Generating Station – Ash Pond System.

A secondary purpose of the EAP is to minimize the potential for property damage during an incident or emergency event at the Eagle Valley Generating Station – Ash Pond System. The intent of the EAP is to identify problems early and repair them before they result in failure of any of the dikes at the Eagle Valley Generating Station.

ASH POND SYSTEM

The location and layout of the ash ponds and associated dikes at the Ash Pond System of the Eagle Valley Generating Station is shown on Figure 5.2. There are three active ash ponds within the Ash Pond System. The ponds are identified as Pond A, Pond B, and Pond C. Construction details of the perimeter dikes for these ponds are available on file in the EAP office at the station. Former Ponds D and E were regraded prior to October 19, 2015, such that these former ponds can no longer impound water.

Because the station ceased power-generating operations in April 2016, only miscellaneous low volume wastewater flows are conveyed to the Ash Pond System for sedimentation. Pond A serves as the station's initial settling pond and directs wastewater to Pond B through two 24-inch-diameter corrugated metal pipes. After undergoing secondary sedimentation in Pond B, the wastewater subsequently flows through two more 24-inch-diameter corrugated metal pipes. Following the final sedimentation of the finer waste constituents in Pond C, the treated water discharges through a concrete outlet structure (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System-permitted Outfall 103) into the Discharge Canal.

EAP ANNUAL REVIEW AND PERIODIC TEST

This EAP document will require an annual review and update to stay current. A periodic test of the EAP procedures is also required every five years to ensure continued effectiveness. For annual review and revision procedures, see Appendix D.





REVISIONS

For revision procedures, see Appendix D.

Revision No.	Date	Revisions Made	
0	03/31/2017	EAP published in IDNR 2012 format	

Revised pages inserted in this EAP by:

(Signature)

(Printed Name)

(Date)



SECTION 1. EVENT DETECTION AND LEVEL DETERMINATION

This section of the EAP describes the first step that must be followed whenever an incident or emergency event is detected at the Eagle Valley Generating Station – Ash Pond System. The layout and location of ash ponds and associated dikes for the Ash Pond System at the Eagle Valley Generating Station is shown on Figure 5.2. This section also describes event detection and information to assist the EAP Coordinator (or designee) in determining the appropriate level for the event.

1.1 EVENT DETECTION

Incidents or emergency events may be detected by various means including but not limited to the following:

- 1. Results of inspections.
- 2. Instrument readings on the dikes or in the plant.
- 3. Notification by local emergency services personnel, especially during a severe weather or other natural event such as an earthquake.
- 4. Notification by on-site employees.
- 5. Notification by off-site personnel or neighbors.

After any incident or emergency event is detected and reported to the EAP Coordinator, the EAP Coordinator (or Acting EAP Coordinator) is responsible for determining the level of the event. If the Local Emergency Services Agency receives a 911 call regarding observations of an incident or emergency event at the Ash Pond System, the dispatcher shall first contact the EAP Coordinator. The EAP Coordinator shall determine the appropriate event level (as defined in Section 1.2.2) and advise the dispatcher of the event level.

1.2 EVENT LEVEL DETERMINATION

1.2.1 Incidents and Emergency Events

An incident is defined as an event, which takes place, or a condition, which is slowly developing, that is not normally encountered in the routine operation of the Ash Pond System, or necessitates a variation from Standard Operating Procedures. Such events are more common than emergency conditions and often offer time to conduct preplanned responses to the slowly developing situation. If addressed in a timely manner, such events can often be prevented from progressing into a much worse event. An incident requires operations in accordance with Event Level 3 of this EAP.

An emergency event is defined as an event, which takes place, or a condition, which develops, that is of a serious nature that may endanger the dikes of the Ash Pond System, or endanger persons or property, and demands immediate attention. An emergency event requires immediate operations in accordance with Event Level 2 or 1 of this EAP.



1.2.2 Level Determination

The EAP Coordinator shall be responsible for defining incidents or emergency events as one of the three following event levels:

Event Level 3 - This is an incident that is defined as a slowly developing situation that may endanger the structural integrity of the Ash Pond System dikes. This event level also involves a determination that it will be possible to retain the structural integrity of the Ash Pond System dikes and avoid release of fluids and ash.

Event Level 2 - This is an emergency event that is defined as rapidly developing and could quickly lead to dike failure and flash flooding downstream of the Ash Pond System. This event level also involves a determination that it may be possible to retain the structural integrity of the Ash Pond System dike and avoid release of fluids and ash beyond the perimeter of the existing dike involved. All decisions to prevent this occurrence must fully consider the safety of those involved in any repairs to be undertaken. If fluid levels within the ash pond in question cannot be reduced significantly to prevent release, the possibility of repair should not be considered.

Event Level 1 - This is an emergency event that is defined as imminent dike failure and the possibility of flash flooding downstream of the dike. This event may include the determination that it will not be possible to retain the structural integrity of the Ash Pond System dikes to avoid release of fluids and ash.

1.2.3 Level Determination Guidance

Table 1.1 shall be used as a guide for determining the appropriate event level. This table attempts to be all inclusive; however, an event or condition may arise that is not covered in this table. In the circumstance of multiple events occurring within the Ash Pond System with conflicting event levels, always designate the higher event level as the governing event level.

1.2.4 Roles, Responsibilities, and Authority

The EAP personnel for the Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System include the following:

- EAP Coordinator Designated Station Employee familiar with the Ash Pond System.
- Engineering Director Designated Station Engineer familiar with the Ash Pond System.
- Warning/Evacuation Director Local Fire or Police Department Employee familiar with Eagle Valley Generating Station and the Ash Pond System.
- Public Relations Director Designated IPL Employee trained to understand principal elements of this EAP.
- On-Call Engineer Registered Indiana Professional Engineer with special expertise and experience in geotechnical engineering and the design and operation of ash pond dikes.

The EAP Coordinator shall function as the EAP operations coordinator and/or Incident Manager during any of the three event levels of operation described in this EAP. The EAP Coordinator has the authority to take the necessary actions described in this EAP. As the situation requires and as time permits, the





EAP Coordinator should consult with the Engineering Director before initiating notifications described in this EAP. In the case of Event Levels 2 and 1, the EAP Coordinator and Engineering Director should consult with the On-Call Engineer throughout the decision process regarding actions to be undertaken.

The EAP Coordinator is responsible for providing initial, timely, and accurate notifications to the Warning/Evacuation Director and the Public Relations Director after an Event Level 2 or 1 has been determined. The EAP Coordinator is also responsible for providing subsequent updates of the situation to the Warning/Evacuation Director to assist in making timely and accurate decisions regarding warning and evacuation responsibilities.

Once an Event Level 3 or 1 is terminated, the EAP Coordinator is responsible to submit to the Engineering Director, as soon as possible, an accurate summary document of the field observation and activities of the event.

The Warning/Evacuation Director is primarily responsible for coordinating the preparation to evacuate people downstream of the Eagle Valley Generating Station, as well as the implementation of the evacuation itself. Should an incident or emergency situation be detected by someone outside of the station, the Warning/Evacuation Director should notify the EAP Coordinator so that the EAP Coordinator can then notify other interested parties.

The Engineering Director is responsible for assisting in technical aspects of the Ash Pond System dikes, event level determination and evaluation, and anything that pertains to the condition of the dikes within the Ash Pond System, including any necessary follow-up activities. The Engineering Director will also assist in performing annual reviews and issuing updates to this EAP.

Event	Observation	Level
Flooding and Overtopping	In the event of potential flooding, the water surface elevation of each pond would be observed using the installed staff gauges and compared to each Event Level's specified threshold, which was developed from the elevations provided in Table 1.2. For an Event Level 3 to be declared as a result of flooding, the pond water surface elevation, h , would be as follows:	3
	Pond A: $624.5 \text{ ft} < h \le 625 \text{ ft}$ Pond B: $616.5 \text{ ft} < h \le 617 \text{ ft}$ Pond C: $613.5 \text{ ft} < h \le 614 \text{ ft}$	
	For an Event Level 2 to be declared as a result of flooding, no water would be overtopping the perimeter dikes, and the pond water surface elevation would be as follows:	2
	Pond A: $625 \text{ ft} \le h \le 625.5 \text{ ft}$	
	Pond B: $617 \text{ ft} < h \le 617.5 \text{ ft}$	
	Pond C: $614 \text{ ft} < h \le 616.5 \text{ ft}$	

TABLE 1.1 - EVENT LEVEL DETERMINATION GUIDANCE



TABLE 1.1 - EVENT LEVEL DETERMINATION GUIDANCE

Event	Observation	Event Level
Flooding and Overtopping	For an Event Level 1 to be declared as a result of flooding, some waves may be observed to be flowing over the tops of the perimeter dikes, and the pond water surface elevation would be as follows: Pond A: $h > 625.5$ ft Pond B: $h > 617.5$ ft	1
	Pond C: $h > 616.5$ ft	
Earthquake and Aftershocks	This minimum event level will be declared any time an earthquake occurs within 50 miles of the station regardless of the earthquake magnitude. A field inspection of the Ash Pond System dikes shall immediately commence to determine if an Event Level 2 or 1 is warranted.	3
	This is the minimum event level to be declared in the event that the post-earthquake inspections of the Ash Pond System indicate damage has occurred to the ash pond perimeter dikes, but there is no indication of fluids escaping from the ponds. Observed damage may include, but not be limited to, sloughing, vertical or horizontal cracks, and/or bulging.	2
	This event level will be declared in the event that the post-earthquake inspections indicate that there are some fluids escaping from the pond through the Ash Pond System perimeter dikes.	1
Seepage and Erosion	This event level should be declared upon discovery of seepage; or, in other words, a slow escape of liquid through the earthen material of any ash pond dike. The discovery of seepage may also coincide with the discovery of surface scouring and erosion. For an Event Level 3, the seepage should be clear and clean of suspended solids and of a relatively low flow rate. This event level may also be declared upon observation of spongy feeling, soft, wet soils located near the downstream toe of a dike.	3
	This event level should be declared when a significant increase in the seepage flow rate is observed or a discoloration of the flow is observed. This event level should also be declared if minor erosion is observed on the surface of the dike. Erosion can be defined as the scouring of the surface of the dike such that soil material has visibly been removed from the dike surface.	2
	This event level should be declared upon discovery of seepage flow that contains visible evidence of solids or any other indication that significant internal or external erosion is occurring. Such external erosion may be evident by the presence of a significant flow path or erosion channel on the surface of the dike.	1
Cracking and other Movements	This event level should be declared upon discovery of a new crack greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ " but less than 1" in width or observation of movement of the dike which may include sloughing or bulging.	3
	This event level should be declared upon observation of significantly increased cracking (cracks greater than 1" in width) or increased movement areas, but there is no evidence of seepage flow from the pond.	2



TABLE 1.1 - EVENT LEVEL DETERMINATION GUIDANCE

T (Event
Event	Observation	Level
Cracking and other Movements	This event level should be declared upon observation of significantly	1
Movements	increased cracking (cracks greater than 1" in width) or increased	
	movement areas and there is evidence of seepage flow from the pond, such as the sloughed area is moist or water is visibly flowing out of	
	the dike.	
Discharge Piping Valve	This event level should be declared upon discovery of a blocked	3
Failure or Blocked	discharge pipe or a malfunctioning discharge valve. This event level	5
Discharge Pipes	should be declared even if the valve cannot be closed.	
This event level should be declared upon discovery of a bloc discharge pipe or a malfunctioning discharge valve and the pond w surface elevation, h , is as follows:		2
	Pond A: $625 \text{ ft} < h \le 625.5 \text{ ft}$	
	Pond B: $617 \text{ ft} < h \le 617.5 \text{ ft}$	
	Pond C: $614 \text{ ft} < h \le 616.5 \text{ ft}$	
	This event level should be declared upon discovery of a blocked discharge pipe or a malfunctioning discharge valve and the pond water surface elevation, h , is as follows:	1
	Pond A: $h > 625.5$ ft	
	Pond B: $h > 617.5$ ft	
	Pond C: $h > 616.5$ ft	
Sabotage	This event level should be declared if Sabotage is ever suspected to have occurred at any location within the Eagle Valley Generating Station and there is no visible evidence of leakage from the Ash Pond System dikes.	3
	This event level should be declared if Sabotage is ever determined to have occurred at any location within the Eagle Valley Generating Station and there is no visible evidence of leakage from the Ash Pond System dikes.	2
	This event level should be declared if Sabotage is ever determined to have occurred at any location within the Eagle Valley Generating Station and there is visible evidence of leakage from the Ash Pond System dikes.	1

TABLE 1.2 – POND DIKE ELEVATIONS AND MAXIMUM SURFACE WATER ELEVATIONS

Pond Name	Existing Minimum Dike Crest Elevation ¹ (feet)	Maximum Design Water Surface Elevation ¹ (feet)
Pond A	626	624.5
Pond B	618	616.5
Pond C	617	613.5

¹ Elevations are with respect to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88).





SECTION 2. NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNICATION

This section of the EAP describes the appropriate notifications that should be made after the EAP Coordinator has determined the event level as an Event Level 3, 2, or 1. This section also outlines the communication systems that are available for making notifications as well as a Public Affairs Plan with a sample media release and a list of media contacts. Notifications should be made in accordance with the appropriate Notification Flow Chart provided in this Section (Figures 2.1, 2.2, and 2.3).

2.1 COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

Every effort will be made to communicate the occurrence of an incident or event to the EAP Coordinator as soon as possible. Communication regarding the event details will be made by plant personnel observing the situation using systems most available at the time that the event is observed. Methods of communication available include, in order of preference; cell phones, radios, GAI-Tronics, pagers, or e-mails. The EAP Coordinator should then contact all other interested parties in accordance with the appropriate Notification Flow Chart by telephone.

2.2 SUGGESTED PRESCRIPTED MESSAGES FOR EAP COORDINATOR

The following prescripted messages may be used as a guide to communicate the status of an event. Keep in mind that clarity and brevity are the most important qualities of these messages.

Event Level 3

- This is the Emergency Action Plan Coordinator. I am making this call in accordance with the Eagle Valley Ash Pond System EAP.
- An incident has been detected at the Ash Pond System.
- The EAP has been activated, currently at an incident level (Level 3).
- If a problem occurs, flooding along the White River and around the Eagle Valley Generating Station is possible.
- The situation is being monitored to determine if any evacuation warnings are necessary.
- We will keep you apprised of the situation. The best telephone number to reach me during this event is ... (state the best number to reach you).

Event Level 2

- This is the Emergency Action Plan Coordinator. I am making this call in accordance with the Eagle Valley Ash Pond System EAP.
- Problems have occurred with the Ash Pond System.
- The EAP has been activated, currently at the emergency level (Level 2).
- Flooding along the White River and around the Eagle Valley Generating Station is possible.
- Prepare to limit access to (1) the White River and low-lying areas along the banks of the White River between the Blue Bluff Road Bridge and the State Road 39 Bridge, and (2) to station areas near the ash pond dikes and the discharge canal.
- We will keep you apprised of the situation. The best telephone number to reach me during this event is ... (state the best number to reach you).





Event Level 1

- This is the Emergency Action Plan Coordinator. I am making this call in accordance with the Eagle Valley Ash Pond System EAP.
- Problems have occurred with the Ash Pond System.
- The EAP has been activated, currently at the highest emergency level (Level 1).
- Flooding on station property and along the White River will occur.
- Immediately establish restricted access areas on the White River and in low-lying areas along the banks of the White River between the Blue Bluff Road Bridge upstream of the station and the State Road 39 Bridge downstream of the station.
- Immediately instruct plant personnel to move to higher ground away from the Ash Pond System and the Discharge Canal.
- We will keep you apprised of the situation. The best telephone number to reach me during this event is ... (state the best number to reach you).

2.3 PUBLIC AFFAIRS PLAN

In the event of an incident or an emergency condition, the Public Relations Director will be alerted and briefed on the situation. The Public Relations Director will prepare and deliver a message for public release based on the existing conditions and information from the Engineering Director or designee, or other sources.

Preparation of warning messages should begin as soon as their potential need is apparent so that they can be issued promptly upon determination of a Level 2 or Level 1 event. Where time is available for its preparation, the initial message should contain all pertinent information. However, in some cases, an emergency condition may be declared with little or no advance notice. The following example messages provide a model for the first announcements in such cases for Event Levels 2 and 1. Subsequent announcements should provide additional details.

Announcement for Possible Dike Failure Problem (Event Level 2)

The Indianapolis Power & Light Company announced at (time) today that an emergency condition existed around the Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System dikes due to (general description of problem). The Ash Pond System is located approximately four miles upstream from the state Road 39 Bridge over the White River, north of Martinsville, Indiana in Morgan County.

The IPL spokesperson said that actions were underway to prevent failure of the Ash Pond System dikes and there is no immediate danger of the dikes failing. However, as a precautionary measure, those located on the White River or in low-lying areas along the banks of the White River downstream of the Blue Bluff Road Bridge and upstream of the State Road 39 Bridge should prepare to evacuate.

Additional Information will be released as promptly as possible.





Announcement for Possible Dike Failure Imminent or in Progress (Event Level 1)

URGENT, URGENT: The Indianapolis Power & Light Company announced at (time) today that an emergency condition existed around the Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System due to (general description of problem). The Ash Pond System is located approximately four miles upstream from the State Road 39 Bridge over the White River, north of Martinsville, Indiana.

Attempts to save the dikes are underway but their success cannot be determined as of yet. Anyone located on the White River or in low-lying areas along the banks of the White River downstream of the Blue Bluff Road Bridge and upstream of the State Road 39 Bridge should evacuate to higher ground **IMMEDIATELY!**

If the dike fails, it will take less than 30 minutes for the flood wave to travel from the dike breach to the State Road 39 Bridge. Areas closer to the station will be flooded sooner.

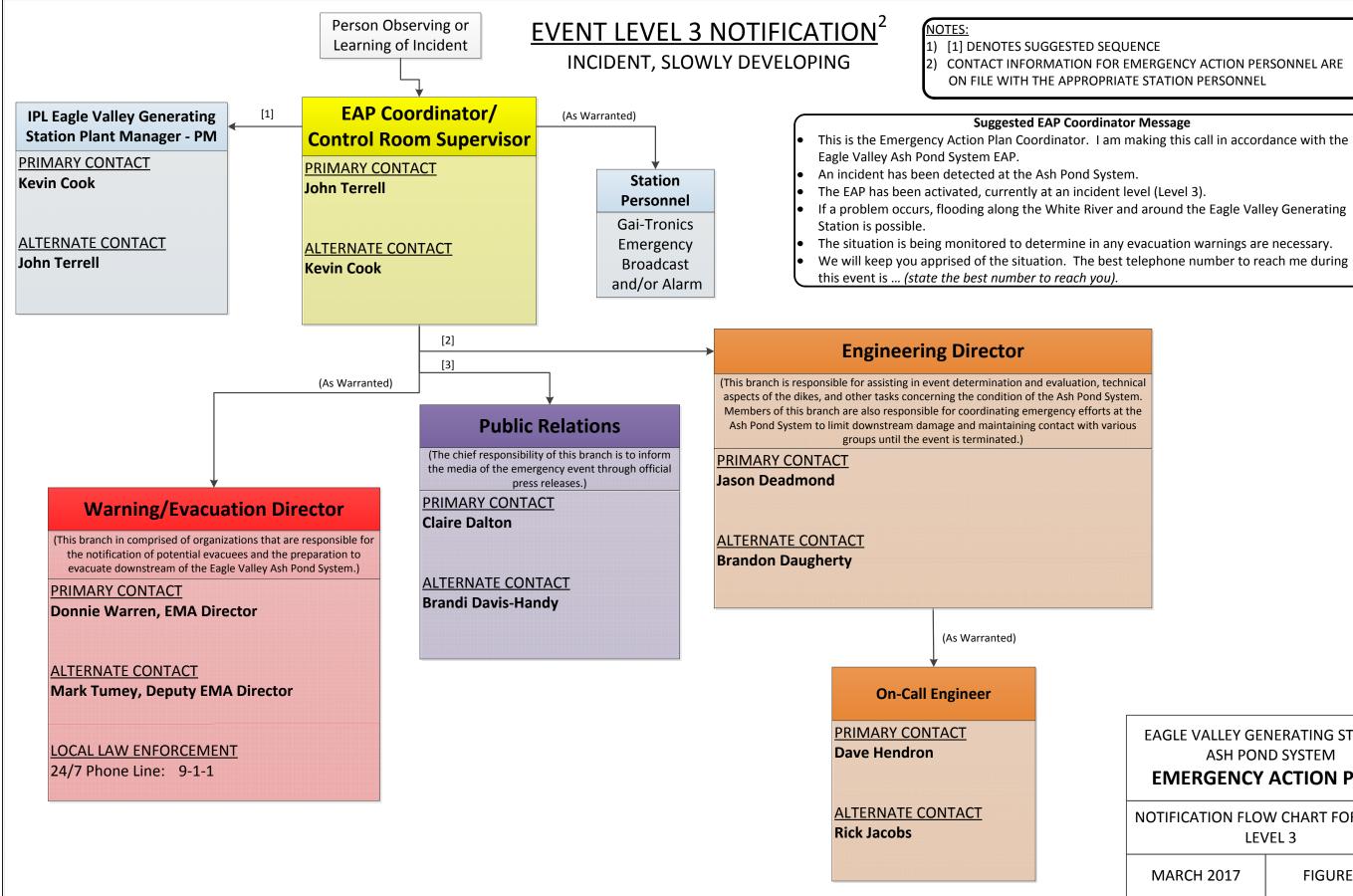
Additional information will be released as promptly as possible.

Media Contacts

The National Weather Service shall be the primary source through which emergency announcements are released to the news media. Several other radio and television stations that are likely to provide coverage to the area in danger are also included below in the case that the primary source cannot be reached.

Primary Source NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE (24-hour telephone number):	(317)-856-0367
Secondary Sources (Shall be contacted only if the primary source cannot be reached.) <i>Television Stations</i>	
WTHR (ATSC CHANNEL 13.1) (24-hour telephone number):	(317)-636-1313
WISH (ATSC CHANNEL 8.1) (24-hour telephone number):	
WRTV (ATSC CHANNEL 6.1) (24-hour telephone number):	(317)-248-6379
WXIN-WTTV (ATSC CHANNEL 59.1-4.1/29.1) (24-hour telephone number):	(317)-632-5900
Radio Stations WCBK 102.3 FM (24-hour telephone number): WTTS 92.3 FM (24-hour telephone number): WFBQ 94.7 FM (24-hour telephone number): WFMS 95.5 FM (24-hour telephone number):	(800)-923-9887 (317)-257-7565
Newspapers REPORTER-TIMES (24-hour telephone number):	(765)-342-3311

MOORESVILLE/DECATUR TIMES (24-hour telephone number):(317)-831-0280



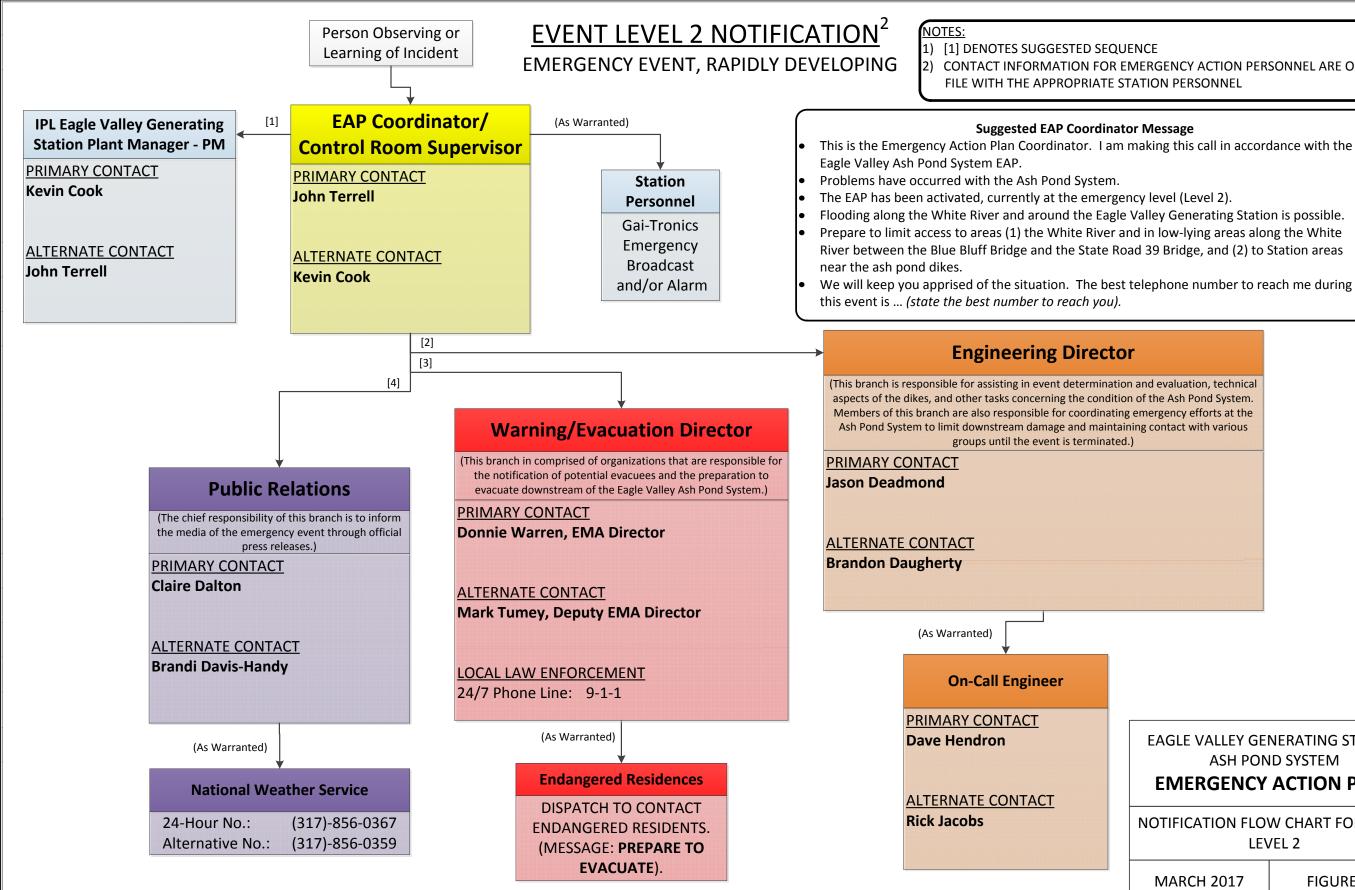
2) CONTACT INFORMATION FOR EMERGENCY ACTION PERSONNEL ARE

ASH POND SYSTEM
EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN

NOTIFICATION FLOW CHART FOR EVENT LEVEL 3

MARCH 2017

FIGURE 2.1



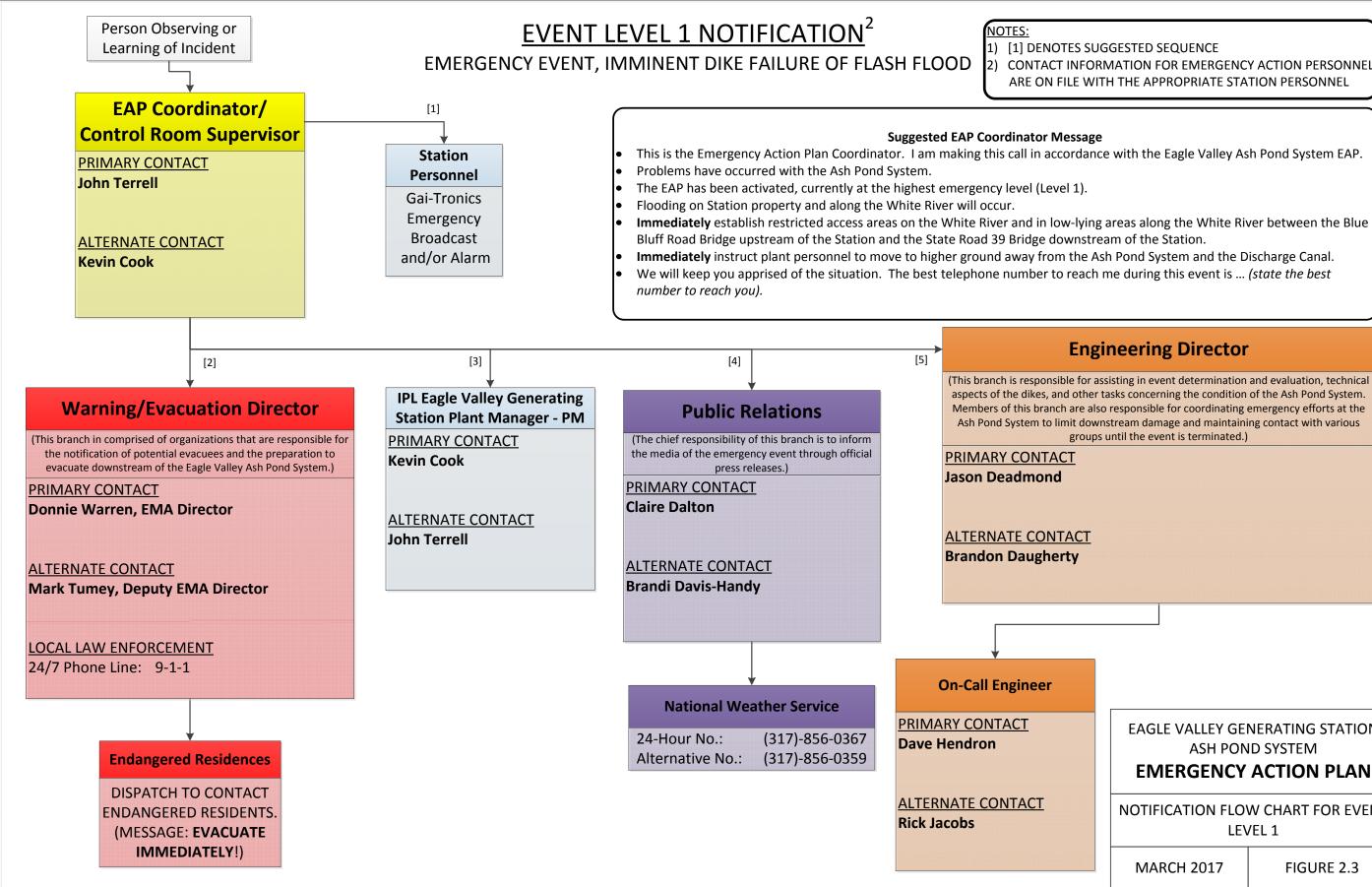
2) CONTACT INFORMATION FOR EMERGENCY ACTION PERSONNEL ARE ON

EAGLE VALLEY GENERATING STATION ASH POND SYSTEM **EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN**

NOTIFICATION FLOW CHART FOR EVENT LEVEL 2

MARCH 2017

FIGURE 2.2



1) [1] DENOTES SUGGESTED SEQUENCE CONTACT INFORMATION FOR EMERGENCY ACTION PERSONNEL ARE ON FILE WITH THE APPROPRIATE STATION PERSONNEL

ngine	ering	Director
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(This branch is responsible for assisting in event determination and evaluation, technical aspects of the dikes, and other tasks concerning the condition of the Ash Pond System. Members of this branch are also responsible for coordinating emergency efforts at the Ash Pond System to limit downstream damage and maintaining contact with various groups until the event is terminated.)

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C.	
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EAGLE VALLEY GENERATING STATION ASH POND SYSTEM **EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN**

NOTIFICATION FLOW CHART FOR EVENT LEVEL 1

MARCH 2017

FIGURE 2.3



SECTION 3. EXPECTED ACTIONS

3.1 ACTION DATA SHEETS

After the EAP Coordinator (or Acting EAP Coordinator) has determined the event level and has made the appropriate notifications, the EAP Coordinator shall take action, using the general procedure outlined in the Action Data Sheets that follow as a guide. Table 3.1 is an index of the Action Data Sheets.

The Action Data Sheets should be reviewed by the Engineering Director (or designee) and/or the On-Call Engineer when possible and time permits. If an event is not adequately covered by one of the general procedures outlined in the following procedures, adapt an Action Data Sheet of a similar event and event level specific to the event that requires additional or varied actions.

TABLE 5.1 – ACTION DATA SHEET INDEA			
Event	Event Level	Action Data Sheet	
	3	A3	
Flooding and Overtopping	2	A2	
	1	A1	
	3	B3	
Earthquake	2	B2	
-	1	B1	
	3	C3	
Seepage and Erosion	2	C2	
	1	C1	
	3	D3	
Cracking and other	2	D2	
Movements	1	D1	
Discharge Piping Valve	3	E3	
Failure or Blocked	2	E2	
Discharge Pipes	1	E1	
	3	F3	
Sabotage	2	F2	
8	1	F1	

 TABLE 3.1 – ACTION DATA SHEET INDEX





Plan Ioi	CCR Rule Compliance	company	IV	1arch 31, 2017
	[: Flooding and Overtopping	Action Data She	et: A3	
LEVEI	.: 3			
		RECOMMENDED ACTIONS		
	<u>pordinator:</u>			Time/Date
А.		all parties are completed in acc	cordance with the outline	Completed
	included in Section 2.2.			
В.		uges to determine if the surface wa		
		rate. Additionally, a careful inspe-		
		e pond which is at risk of overtopp		
		other signs of degradation, erosion		
		out compromising the safety of	anyone performing the	
C	inspection.	ng Director or designee and/or	the On-Call Engineer to	
C.		rentative actions that must be taken		
D		vations, and actions on an Event L		
E.		ctor or designee at least daily to re		
		ons change significantly, contact		
	immediately.		6 6	
	5			
	ering Director or designee:			
A.		tion in order to recommend appro-		
		ontact local emergency contractor		
	that may be able to assist in n	nonitoring or repairing the situation	1.	
0 0 1				
	<u>l Engineer:</u> Provide decision support and	technical support to the Engineeri	ng Diractor or designed as	
A.	appropriate.	teeninear support to the Engineeri	lig Director of designee as	
	appropriate.			
		EVALUATION / DECISION		
Evaluat	e conditions at least daily, or w	henever conditions change signific	cantly. Using Table 1.1 and	or Table 3.1
	ne whether:	5 5	, ,	
A.	The event can be terminated.	The event may be terminated whe	en the pond water surface ele	evation drops
	below the maximum surface	water elevation for that particular p	ond.	-
В.		rent Event Level. The event level	shall remain at Event Leve	el 3 while the
	pond water surface elevation,	<i>h</i> , is as follows:		
	• Pond A: $624.5 \text{ ft} < h$	$a \le 625 \text{ ft}$		
	• Pond B: 616.5 ft < h	$a \le 617$ ft		
	• Pond C: 613.5 ft < <i>h</i>	$a \le 614$ ft		
C.	The event warrants escalation	n to Event Level 2. The Event Lev	vel shall be raised to Event l	Level 2 if the
	pond water surface elevation,	<i>h</i> , is as follows:.		
	• Pond A: $h > 625$ ft			
	• Pond B: $h > 617$ ft			
	• Pond C: $h > 614$ ft			
Based o	n this information, follow the a	appropriate actions below.		
			a) =====	
	A) TERMINATION	B) EVENT LEVEL 3	C) EVENT LEV	
Go to '	Fermination and Follow-up	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 2 or Ev	
	(Section 4)	on this sheet	Notification Ch	art



	CCR Rule Compliance Company	larch 31, 201
EVEN	C: Flooding and Overtopping Action Data Sheet: A2	
LEVEI		
	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS	— • (–
A.	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline included in Section 2.2. Monitor the installed staff gauges to determine if the water surface level within the pond is rising or falling and at what rate. Continue to perform careful inspections of the perimeter	Time/Date Completed
	dike and inlet/outlet piping for the subject pond at risk of overtopping on a frequent basis to determine if there are any other signs of degradation, erosion, or structural instability. This should be done without compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection.	
C.	Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to determine any corrective/preventative actions that must be taken.	
D. E.	Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).	
	Pring Director or designee: Review all pertinent information in order to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP Coordinator. If necessary, contact local emergency contractors and/or other individuals that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation.	
	<u>I Engineer:</u> Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee as appropriate.	
	EVALUATION / DECISION	
	e conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and/	or Table 3.1
	ne whether:	
A.	The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 3. All contacts on Event Level 2 Notification shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Event Level 3. The event level 4 downgraded if the pond water surface elevation, h , is as follows: • Pond A: $h \le 625$ ft • Pond B: $h \le 617$ ft	
	• Pond B: $h \le 617$ ft	
B.	• Pond C: $h \le 614$ ft The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level pond water surface elevation, h , is as follows:	el 2 while th
	• Pond A: 625 ft $< h \le 625.5$ ft • Pond B: 617 ft $< h \le 617.5$ ft	
C.	• Pond C: 614 ft $< h \le 616.5$ ft The event warrants escalation to Event Level 1. The Event Level shall be raised to Event I the pond water surface elevation, <i>h</i> , is as follows:	Level 1 whe
	• Pond A: $h > 625.5$ ft	
	• Pond B: $h > 617.5$ ft	
	• Pond C: $h > 616.5$ ft	
Based o	n this information, follow the appropriate actions below.	
) EVENT LEVEL 3 B) EVENT LEVEL 2 C) EVENT LEV	

A) EVENTLEVEL 5	D) EVENILEVEL 2	C) EVENTLEVELT
Go to Event Level 3 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 1 Notification
Chart	on this sheet	Chart



Chart



EVEN	[: Flooding and Overtopping			
LEVEI		Action Data She	et: A1	
		RECOMMENDED ACTIONS		
	Make sure notifications to included in Section 2.2.	all parties are completed in acc	ordance with the outline	Time/Date Completed
B.		talled staff gauges to determine lling and at what rate.	if the water surface level	
	determine any corrective/prev	ng Director or designee and/or ventative actions that must be taken	L	
	property damage should the d			
		vations, and actions on an Event La frequent contact with the Engine ated.		
	ering Director or designee:			
A.		tion in order to recommend appro- emergency contractors and/or other repairing the situation.		
	appropriate. Send a qualified	individual to the site as soon as po	ssible.	
Evoluot	e conditions at least twice da	EVALUATION / DECISION ily, or whenever conditions chang	a significantly Using Tab	l_{0} 1 1 and/or
	.1, determine whether:	ity, of whenever conditions chang	e significantity. Using Tau	
	The event warrants downgrad shall be notified of downgr		ent Level 2. The event l	
	• Pond C: $h \le 616.5$ ft			
B.	the pond water surface elevat		shall remain at Event Level	l 1 as long as
	• Pond A: $h > 625.5$ ft			
	• Pond B: $h > 617.5$ ft			
C	• Pond C: <i>h</i> > 616.5 ft			
C.		after a failure event occurs and the iman loss of life, injury, or property		a point where
Based o	n this information, follow the a	appropriate actions below.		
A) EVENT LEVEL 2	B) EVENT LEVEL 1	C) TERMINAT	TED
Go to	Event Level 2 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Termination and	Follow-Up

(Section 4)

on this sheet



FVFNT	EVENT: Earthquake and Aftershocks				
LEVEL		""	Action Data She	et: B3	
	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS				
EAP Co	EAP Coordinator: Time/Date				
A.	A. Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline <u>Completed</u> included in Section 2.2.				
B.	 B. Immediately commence a careful inspection of all perimeter and interior dikes and inlet/outlet piping for the entire Ash Pond System to determine if there are any signs of damage, degradation, or structural instability. This should be done without compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection. 				
C.	Record all information, obser			og Form (Form 3.1).	
	Repeat the inspection at least raised to a Level 2.				
E.	At the completion of the in designee and report the latest			e Engineering Director or	
Engine	ering Director or designee:				
	Be prepared to receive and re	spond to t	the field inspection report		
On-Cal	Engineer:				
	N/A.				
			LUATION / DECISION		
	e conditions at least daily, or whe whether:	henever o	conditions change signific	cantly. Using Table 1.1 and	or Table 3.1,
A.	The event can be terminated	ed. The	event may be terminar	ted if there is no observa	ible damage,
	degradation, or structural inst	tability ar	nd more than three days h	nave passed since the earthq	uake or once
	all observed damage, degrada				
B.	no observable damage, degra				
G	the earthquake.			1 1 11 1 1 1 5	10:0
C.	The event warrants escalation field inspection following the				
	dikes, but there is no indicati				v include, but
	not be limited to, sloughing, v	vertical or	horizontal cracks, and/or	bulging.	
Based of	Based on this information, follow the appropriate actions below.				
A) TERMINATION	B)	EVENT LEVEL 3	C) EVENT LEV	YEL 2
	ermination and Follow-up	/	e recommended actions	Go to Event Level 2 or Ev	
	(Section 4)		on this sheet	Notification Ch	art



	EVENT: Earthquake and Aftershocks LEVEL: 2 Action Data Sheet: B2 RECOMMENDED ACTIONS			
EAP Ce	oordinator:	Time/Date		
	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outlin included in Section 2.2.	e <u>Completed</u>		
 B. Continue to monitor the damaged dike of the Ash Pond System and notify the Engineering Director or designee if any significant changes are observed. This should be done without compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection. 				
C.	Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer t determine any corrective/preventative actions that must be taken.	0		
D.	Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).			
	Contact the Engineering Director or designee at least daily to report the latest observation and conditions.	s		
Engine	ering Director or designee:			
	Review all pertinent information in order to recommend appropriate actions to the EA	D		
	Coordinator. If necessary, contact local emergency contractors and/or other individual	s		
	that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation.			
	ll Engineer:			
В.	Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee a	s		
В.	Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee a appropriate.	s		
В.		S		
	appropriate. EVALUATION / DECISION			
Evaluat	appropriate.			
Evaluat determi A.	appropriate. EVALUATION / DECISION te conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 a ine whether: The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 3. The event level may be downgraded on damage, degradation, or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired. All co Level 2 Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Ev	nd/or Table 3.1 ce the observed ntacts on Even ent Level 3.		
Evaluat determi A.	appropriate. EVALUATION / DECISION te conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 a time whether: The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 3. The event level may be downgraded on damage, degradation, or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired. All co Level 2 Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Ev The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event L	nd/or Table 3.1 ce the observed ntacts on Even ent Level 3. evel 2 until th		
Evaluat determi A. B.	appropriate. EVALUATION / DECISION te conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 a ine whether: The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 3. The event level may be downgraded on damage, degradation, or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired. All co Level 2 Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Ev The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event L observed damage, degradation or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired	nd/or Table 3.1 ce the observed ntacts on Even ent Level 3. evel 2 until th		
Evaluat determi A. B.	appropriate. EVALUATION / DECISION te conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 a time whether: The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 3. The event level may be downgraded on damage, degradation, or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired. All co Level 2 Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Ev The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event L	nd/or Table 3.1 ce the observed ntacts on Even ent Level 3. evel 2 until the t Level 1 when		
Evaluat determi A. B. C.	appropriate. EVALUATION / DECISION te conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 a ine whether: The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 3. The event level may be downgraded on damage, degradation, or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired. All co Level 2 Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Ev The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event L observed damage, degradation or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired The event warrants escalation to Event Level 1. The Event Level shall be raised to Event it is observed that there are some fluids escaping from the ponds through the Ash Pond Sy	nd/or Table 3.1 ce the observed ntacts on Even ent Level 3. evel 2 until the t Level 1 when		

A) EVENT LEVEL 3	B) EVENT LEVEL 2	C) EVENT LEVEL 1
Go to Event Level 3 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 1 Notification
Chart	on this sheet	Chart



Chart



EVEN	F: Earthquake and Aftersho c	ks		
	LEVEL: 1 Action Data Sheet: B1			
		RECOMMENDED ACTIONS	5	
EAP C	oordinator:			Time/Date
A.	Make sure notifications to included in Section 2.2.	all parties are completed in acc		Completed
B.	Director or designee if any si	aged dike of the Ash Pond System gnificant changes are observed. The nyone performing the inspection.		
C.		ng Director or designee and/or ventative actions that must be taken		
D.		o minimize the potential for hum		
E.		vations, and actions on an Event Le		
F.	Establish a means to keep in until Event Level 1 is termina	frequent contact with the Engine tted.	ering Director or designee	
	 coordinator. If necessary, contact local emergency contractors and/or other individuals that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation. <u>On-Call Engineer:</u> A. Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee as appropriate. Send a qualified individual to the site as soon as possible. 			
		EVALUATION / DECISION		
	e conditions at least daily, or w ne whether:	henever conditions change signific	cantly. Using Table 1.1 and	/or Table 3.1,
		de to Event Level 2. The event lev	el may be downgraded onc	e the flow of
	fluids escaping from the por	nds through the Ash Pond System Flow Chart shall be notified of d	perimeter dikes ceases. Al	l contacts on
	Level 2.		C	
В.		rent Event Level. The event level		l 1 as long as
C		onds through the Ash Pond System		
C. The event can be terminated after a failure event occurs and the pond completely drains to a point where there is no further threat to human loss of life, injury, or property damage.				
Based on this information, follow the appropriate actions below.				
A	A) EVENT LEVEL 2	B) EVENT LEVEL 1	C) TERMINAT	red
Go to	Event Level 2 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Termination and	
		41 * 1 4		•

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(Section 4)

on this sheet



	C: Seepage and Erosion Action Data Sheet: C3	
LEVEI	2:5	
	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS	
	oordinator:	Time/Date
А.	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline	<u>Completed</u>
	included in Section 2.2.	
В.	A careful inspection of the perimeter dike and inlet/outlet piping for the dike which has	
	observed seepage and erosion shall be performed to determine if there are any other signs	
	of degradation, erosion, or structural instability. This should be done without	
	compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection. If necessary, confer with	
	the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to determine any	
	corrective/preventative actions that must be taken.	
	Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).	
D.	Contact the Engineering Director or designee at least daily to report the latest observations	
	and conditions. If conditions change significantly, contact the Engineering Director	
	immediately.	
	ering Director or designee:	
A.	Review all pertinent information in order to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP	
	Coordinator. If necessary, contact local emergency contractors and/or other individuals	
	that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation.	
	I Facin com	
	Il Engineer:	
А.	Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee as appropriate.	
	appropriate.	
	EVALUATION / DECISION	
Evaluat	e conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and/	or Table 3.1
	ne whether:	or ruore 5.1,
	The event can be terminated. The event may be terminated once the perimeter dike has be	een renaired
41.	and the observed seepage of fluids has ceased.	con repuired
в	The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level	3 as long as
D.	seepage continues and the fluids are clear, clean of suspended solids and of a relatively low f	
C.		
υ.	significant increase in the seepage flow rate is observed or a discoloration of the flow is ob	
	Event Level shall also be raised if minor erosion of the dike surface is observed.	

A) TERMINATION	B) EVENT LEVEL 3	C) EVENT LEVEL 2
Go to Termination and Follow-up	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 2 or Event Level 1
(Section 4)	on this sheet	Notification Chart

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EVEN LEVEI	1: Seepage and Erosion	Action Data Sheet: C2		
RECOMMENDED ACTIONS				
EAP C	oordinator:		Time/Date	
		are completed in accordance with the outline	Completed	
	observed on a daily basis and notify significant changes are observed. This of anyone performing the inspection.	te where the seepage and/or erosion have been the Engineering Director or designee if any should be done without compromising the safety		
C.	Confer with the Engineering Director determine any corrective/preventative act	or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to tions that must be taken.		
D.	Record all information, observations, and	d actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).		
E.		gnee at least daily to report the latest observations		
Engine	ering Director or designee:			
A.		er to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP l emergency contractors and/or other individuals or repairing the situation.		
On-Cal	l Engineer:			
		support to the Engineering Director or designee as		
	EVALU	JATION / DECISION		
		nditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and/	or Table 3.1	
	ne whether:			
A.	rate of seepage decreases to a relatively	Level 3. The event level may be downgraded when low rate and the color of the seepage becomes cle All contacts on Event Level 2 Notification Flow C 2 to Event Level 3.	ar, indicative	
B.		Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level low rate and the color of the seepage becomes clear		
C	The grant grante acceletion to Event I	aval 1. The Event Level shall be rejead to Event 1	[

C. The event warrants escalation to Event Level 1. The Event Level shall be raised to Event Level 1 upon discovery of seepage flow that contains visible evidence of solids or any other indication that significant internal or external erosion is occurring. Such external erosion may be evident by the presence of a significant flow path or erosion channel on the surface of the dike.

A) EVENT LEVEL 3	B) EVENT LEVEL 2	C) EVENT LEVEL 1
Go to Event Level 3 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 1 Notification
Chart	on this sheet	Chart





EVENT: Seepage and Erosion Action Data Sheet: C1					
		RECO	MMENDED ACTIONS		
	<u>oordinator:</u>				Time/Date
А.	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline				Completed
_	included in Section 2.2.				
В.	. Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to				
G	determine any corrective/prev				
C.	Take all necessary actions t		ze the potential for hum	nan loss of life, injury, or	
D	property damage should the d			E (E 21)	
	Record all information, obser				
E.	Establish a means to keep in until Event Level 1 is termina		contact with the Engine	ering Director or designee	
	until Event Level 1 is termina	ilea.			
Fngine	ering Director or designee:				
	Review all pertinent informa	tion in o	rder to recommend appro	opriate actions to the EAP	
	coordinator. If necessary, c				
	that may be able to assist in n				
		C	5 - F. 8		
On-Ca	ll Engineer:				
A.	Provide decision support and	technical	support to the Engineering	ng Director or Designee as	
	appropriate. Send a qualified	individu	al to the site as soon as po	ossible.	
			LUATION / DECISION		
	te conditions at least daily, or w	henever	conditions change signific	cantly. Using Table 1.1 and	/or Table 3.1
	ine whether:				a · .
А.	The event warrants downgrad				
	escaping from the ponds thro				
р	Notification Flow Chart shall				
В.	The event remains at the curr				I I as long a
C	fluids are escaping from the p				:
C.	The event can be terminated				a point where
	there is no further threat to hu	innan ioss	or me, mjury, or property	y uanage.	
Based o	on this information, follow the a	annronria	te actions below		
Dascu (in this mornation, follow the a	арргорпа			
A	A) EVENT LEVEL 2	B)	EVENT LEVEL 1	C) TERMINAT	ГЕД
	Event Level 2 Notification		e recommended actions	Go to Termination and	
			.1. 1 .		T.

A) EVENT LEVEL 2	B) EVENT LEVEL 1	C) TERMINATED	
Go to Event Level 2 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Termination and Follow-Up	
Chart	on this sheet	(Section 4)	





EVENI LEVEI	T: Cracking and Other Movements L: 3 Action Data She	et: D3	
	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS	5	
EAP Co	Coordinator:		Time/Dat
	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in acc	cordance with the outline	Complete
	included in Section 2.2.		-
В.	A careful and complete inspection of the entire pond shall be	performed to determine if	
	there are any other signs of degradation, erosion, or structura		
	already observed. This should be done without compromis		
	performing the inspection.	8	
C.	Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or	the On-Call Engineer to	
	determine any corrective/preventative actions that must be taken		
D.	Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Lo		
E.			
	and conditions. If conditions change significantly, contact		
	immediately.	8 8 8	
	 that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation all Engineer: Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineeri appropriate. 		
	EVALUATION / DECISION		
Tvaluat	te conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change signific		or Table 3
	ine whether:	Junity. Using rabie 1.1 and/	
	The event can be terminated. The event may be terminated once	e the observed cracks or dike	movemer
11.	have been repaired.	e the observed cracks of the	
в	The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level	l shall remain at Event Leve	al 3 until t
D.	observed cracks and/or dike movements are repaired.	i shan remain at Event Leve	, , unun t
		vel shall be raised to Event	Level 2 if
C.	The event warrants escalation to Event Level 7 The Event Le		

A) TERMINATION	B) EVENT LEVEL 3	C) EVENT LEVEL 2
Go to Termination and Follow-up	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 2 or Event Level 1
(Section 4)	on this sheet	Notification Chart





EVENT: Cracking and Other Movements				
LEVEL: 2 ACtion Data Sheet: D2				
	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS			
	oordinator:	Time/Date		
A.	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline included in Section 2.2.	Completed		
	Continue to monitor the perimeter dike on a daily basis where the cracks or movements have been observed and notify the Engineering Director or designee if any significant changes are observed. This should be done without compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection.			
C.	Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to determine any corrective/preventative actions that must be taken.			
D. E.	Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1). Contact the Engineering Director or designee at least daily to report the latest observations and conditions.			
Engineering Director or designee: A. Review all pertinent information in order to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP Coordinator. If necessary, contact local emergency contractors and/or other individuals that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation.				
	Engineer: Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee as appropriate.			
	EVALUATION / DECISION			
	e conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and the whether:	/or Table 3.1		
	The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 3. The event level may be downgraded when cracks or dike movements are repaired. All contacts on Event Level 2 Notification Flow C notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Event Level 3.	Chart shall be		
В.	B. The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level 2 until the observed cracks or dike movements are repaired.			
C.	The event warrants escalation to Event Level 1. The Event Level shall be raised to Event is discovery of seepage flow through the pond perimeter dike. This may include the observation evident flowing water or that the sloughed area is moist.			
Based on this information, follow the appropriate actions below.				

A) EVENT LEVEL 3	B) EVENT LEVEL 2	C) EVENT LEVEL 1	
Go to Event Level 3 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 1 Notification	
Chart	on this sheet	Chart	





LEVEN	Cracking and Other Movements Action Data Sheet: D1	
	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS	
EAP Co	ordinator:	Time/Date
	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline	Completed
	included in Section 2.2.	
	Continue to monitor the perimeter dike where the cracks, seepage and/or erosion have been observed and notify the Engineering Director or designee if any significant changes are observed. This should be done without compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection.	
C.	Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to	
D	determine any corrective/preventative actions that must be taken.	
	Take all necessary actions to minimize the potential for human loss of life, injury, or property damage should the dike fail.	
	Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).	
F.	Establish a means to keep in frequent contact with the Engineering Director or designee	
	until Event Level 1 is terminated.	
	Review all pertinent information in order to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP coordinator. If necessary, contact local emergency contractors and/or other individuals that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation.	
	Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee as appropriate. Send a qualified individual to the site as soon as possible.	
	EVALUATION / DECISION	
Evaluate	e conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and	/or Table 3.1
determin	ne whether:	
А.	The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 2. The event level may be downgraded onc fluids escaping from the ponds through the Ash Pond System perimeter dikes ceases. Al Event Level 1 Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 1 to 2.	l contacts of
	The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level fluids are escaping from the ponds through the Ash Pond System perimeter dikes.	-
C.	The event can be terminated after a failure event occurs and the pond completely drains to a there is no further threat to human loss of life, injury, or property damage.	a point wher

A) EVENT LEVEL 2	B) EVENT LEVEL 1	C) TERMINATED	
Go to Event Level 2 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Termination and Follow-Up	
Chart	on this sheet	(Section 4)	





	1: Discharge Piping Valve Failure		
	ked Discharge Pipes	Action Data Sheet: E3	
LEVEI			
	RECO	OMMENDED ACTIONS	
	oordinator:		Time/Date
A.	Make sure notifications to all participation included in Section 2.2.	es are completed in accordance with the outline	Completed
B.	Monitor the installed staff gauges to de	etermine if the surface water level within the pond is	
	rising or falling and at what rate. Add	ditionally, a careful inspection of the perimeter dike	
		hich is at risk of overtopping shall be performed to	
		is of degradation, erosion, or structural instability.	
		promising the safety of anyone performing the	
C.		tor or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to	
	determine any corrective/preventative		
D.		and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).	
E.		esignee at least daily to report the latest observations	
2.		ge significantly, contact the Engineering Director	
Engino	ering Director or designee:		
		rder to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP	
A.		cal emergency contractors and/or other individuals	
	that may be able to assist in monitoring		
	that may be able to assist in monitoring	g of repairing the situation.	
On Cal	I Engineen		
	<u>I Engineer:</u>	l support to the Engineering Director or designed of	
A.	11	l support to the Engineering Director or designee as	
	appropriate.		
	T7%7 & 1	LUATION / DECISION	
Enclosed		conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and/	or Table 2.1
		conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and/	or radie 3.1,
	ne whether:	unt many has tamping to develop the discharge window and	
А.		ent may be terminated when the discharge piping value	e is repaired
_	or the blocked discharge pipes are clea		1 2 1 1 4
В.		at Level. The event level shall remain at Event Leve ired or the blocked discharge pipes remain blocked.	1 3 while the

- discharge piping valve remains unrepaired or the blocked discharge pipes remain blocked.C. The event warrants escalation to Event Level 2. The Event Level shall be raised to Event Level 2 if the pond water surface elevation, *h*, is as follows:
 - Pond A: h > 625 ft
 - Pond B: h > 617 ft
 - Pond C: h > 614 ft

A) TERMINATION	B) EVENT LEVEL 3	C) EVENT LEVEL 2	
Go to Termination and Follow-up	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 2 or Event Level 1	
(Section 4)	on this sheet	Notification Chart	



Chart



I fail for CCK Rule Compliance			14	1arch 51, 2017	
EVENT: Discharge Piping Valve or Blocked Discharge Pipes		Doto Sha	ot. F?		
or Blocked Discharge Pipes Action Data Sheet: E2					
	RECOMMEND	ED ACTIONS	5		
EAP Coordinator:			-	Time/Date	
A. Make sure notifications to included in Section 2.2.	all parties are con	npleted in acc	cordance with the outline	Completed	
 B. Monitor the installed staff gau rising or falling and at what inlet/outlet piping for the sub other signs of degradation, er compromising the safety of ar 	rate. Perform regule ect pond at risk of osion, or structural byone performing th	ar inspections overtopping to instability. The e inspection.	of all perimeter dikes and determine if there are any his should be done without		
 C. Confer with the Engineerin determine any corrective/prev D. Record all information, obser E. Contact the Engineering Direct and conditions. If conditio 	entative actions tha vations, and actions ctor or designee at 1	t must be taker on an Event L east daily to re	n. og Form (Form 3.1). port the latest observations		
immediately.	ns change signific	anny, contact	the Engineering Director		
Engineering Director or designee:A. Review all pertinent informa Coordinator. If necessary, c that may be able to assist in m	ontact local emerge	ency contractor	rs and/or other individuals		
<u>On-Call Engineer:</u> A. Provide decision support and appropriate.	technical support to	the Engineeri	ing Director or designee as		
	EVALUATION				
Evaluate conditions at least daily, or w determine whether:	henever conditions	change signific	cantly. Using Table 1.1 and	/or Table 3.1,	
A. The event warrants downgrad shall be notified of downgrad if the pond water surface elev • Pond A: $h \le 625$ ft • Pond B: $h \le 617$ ft • Pond C: $h \le 614$ ft	e from Event Level ation, <i>h</i> , is as follow	2 to Event Lev /s:	rel 3. The event level may be	e downgraded	
B. The event remains at the curr pond water surface elevation	s as follows:	The event level	l shall remain at Event Leve	el 2 while the	
• Pond A: 625 ft $< h \le$					
• Pond B: 617 ft $< h \le$					
• Pond C: 614 ft $< h \le$		The Factor		1 1 1	
C. The event warrants escalation the pond water surface elevation		The Event Lev	vel shall be raised to Event I	Level I when	
• Pond A: $h > 625.5$ ft					
• Pond B: $h > 617.5$ ft					
• Pond C: $h > 616.5$ ft					
Based on this information, follow the a	ppropriate actions b	pelow.			
A) EVENT LEVEL 3	B) EVENT I	LEVEL 2	C) EVENT LE	EVEL 1	
Go to Event Level 3 Notification	Continue recomme	ended actions	Go to Event Level 1 No	otification	

on this sheet

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Chart



EVENT: Discharge Piping Valve Failure		
or Blocked Discharge Pipes Action Data Sheet: E1		
LEVEL: 1 RECOMMENDED ACTIONS		
EAP Coordinator: Time/Date		
A. Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the contract of the sure notification of the s		
included in Section 2.2.	-	
B. Continue to monitor the installed staff gauges to determine if the water surface level within the pond is rising or falling and at what rate.		
C. Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to determine any corrective/preventative actions that must be taken.		
D. Take all necessary actions to minimize the potential for human loss of life, injury, or property damage should the dikes overtop, erode, and fail.		
E. Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).		
F. Establish a means to keep in frequent contact with the Engineering Director or de until Event Level 1 is terminated.	signee	
Engineering Director or designee:		
A. Review all pertinent information in order to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP		
Coordinator. Contact local emergency contractors and/or other individuals that may be		
able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation.		
On-Call Engineer: A. Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee as		
appropriate. Send a qualified individual to the site as soon as possible.		
EVALUATION / DECISION		
Evaluate conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and/or Table 3.1,		
determine whether:		
A. The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 2. All contacts on Event Level 1 Notification Flow Chart		
shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 1 to Event Level 2. The event level may be downgraded		
if the pond water surface elevation, h , is as follows:		
• Pond A: $h \le 625.5$ ft		
• Pond B: $h \le 617.5$ ft		
• Pond C: $h \le 616.5$ ft		
B. The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level 1 as long as the pond water surface elevation, <i>h</i> , is as follows:		
• Pond A: $h > 625.5$ ft		
• Pond B: $h > 617.5$ ft		
• Pond C: $h > 616.5$ ft		
C. The event can be terminated after a failure event occurs and the pond completely drains to a point where		
there is no further threat to human loss of life, injury, or property damage.		
Based on this information, follow the appropriate actions below.		
A) EVENT LEVEL 2 B) EVENT LEVEL 1 C) TER	MINATED	
, , , ,	on and Follow-Up	
Chart on this sheet (Section 4)		



EVENT: Sabotage					
LEVEL: 3 Action Data Sheet: F3					
RECOMMENDED ACTIONS					
EAP Coordinator: Time/Date					
included in Section 2.2.					
	careful inspection of all perimeter	er and interior dikes and			
	inlet/outlet piping for the entire Ash Pond System to determine if there are any signs of				
	tural instability. This should be do				
the safety of anyone performi		1 0			
C. Record all information, obser	vations, and actions on an Event L	og Form (Form 3.1).			
D. At the completion of the field	l inspection, contact the Engineerin	ng Director or designee by			
telephone and report the lates	t observations and dike conditions.				
Engineering Director or designee:					
A. Be prepared to receive and re-	spond to the field inspection report				
On-Call Engineer:					
A. N/A.					
	EVALUATION / DECISION				
Evaluate conditions at least daily, or w		antly Using Table 1.1 and	or Table 3.1		
determine whether:	menever conditions change signific	cantry. Using rable 1.1 and	of Table 5.1,		
	ed. The event may be termina	ted if there is no observa	ble damage		
	ability, or once all observed damag				
repaired.			instacting is		
	B. The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level 3 until any				
	damage, degradation, or structural instability observed during the field investigation is appropriately				
repaired.					
C. The event warrants escalation to Event Level 1. The Event Level shall be raised to Event Level 1 if the					
field inspection following the suspected Sabotage indicates that damage has occurred to the Ash Pond					
perimeter dikes and that there is visible evidence of fluid escaping through the pond perimeter dikes.					
Based on this information, follow the appropriate actions below.					
A) TERMINATION	B) EVENT LEVEL 3	C) EVENT LEV			
Go to Termination and Follow-up	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 1 No	otification		
(Section 4)	on this sheet	Chart			





EVENT: Sabotage				
LEVEL: 2 Action Data Sheet: F2				
RECOMMENDED ACTIONS				
EAP Coordinator: Time/Da				
A. Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline <u>Complete</u> included in Section 2.2.				
B. Immediately commence a careful inspection of all perimeter and interior dikes and inlet/outlet piping for the entire Ash Pond System to determine if there are any signs of damage, degradation, or structural instability. This should be done without compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection.				
C. Record all information, obser	vations, and actions on an Event L	og Form (Form 3.1).		
Engineering Director or designee:				
E. Be prepared to receive and re	spond to the field inspection report	•		
On-Call Engineer:				
F. N/A.				
	EVALUATION / DECISION			
Evaluate conditions at least daily, or w		cantly. Using Table 1.1 and	or Table 3.1,	
determine whether:	5 5	5 6	,	
A. The event warrants downgra	ade to Event Level 3. The event	level may be downgraded i	f there is no	
observable damage, degradation, or structural instability, or once all observed damage, degradation, or structural instability is repaired. All contacts on Event Level 2 Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 2 to Event Level 3.				
B. The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level 2 until the observed damage, degradation or structural instability has been addressed and/or repaired.				
C. The event warrants escalation to Event Level 1. The Event Level shall be raised to Event Level 1 if the				
field inspection following the confirmed Sabotage indicates that damage has occurred to the Ash Pond				
perimeter dikes and that there is visible evidence of fluid escaping through the pond perimeter dikes.				
Based on this information, follow the appropriate actions below.				
A) EVENT LEVEL 3	B) EVENT LEVEL 2	C) EVENT LEV	'EL 1	
Go to Event Level 3 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 1 No	otification	
Chart	on this shoot	Chant		

A) EVENT LEVEL 3	B) EVENT LEVEL 2	C) EVENT LEVEL 1
Go to Event Level 3 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Event Level 1 Notification
Chart	on this sheet	Chart





EVENT: Sabotage Action Data Sheet: F1				
EADC	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS	Time /Dete		
	oordinator:	Time/Date		
А.	Make sure notifications to all parties are completed in accordance with the outline	Completed		
р	included in Section 2.2.			
В.	Continue to monitor the damaged dike of the Ash Pond System and notify the Engineering			
	Director or designee if any significant changes are observed. This should be done without			
C	compromising the safety of anyone performing the inspection.			
C.	Confer with the Engineering Director or designee and/or the On-Call Engineer to			
D	determine any corrective/preventative actions that must be taken.			
D.	Take all necessary actions to minimize the potential for human loss of life, injury, or property damage should the dikes fail.			
Б	Record all information, observations, and actions on an Event Log Form (Form 3.1).			
E. F.	Establish a means to keep in frequent contact with the Engineering Director or designee			
г.	until Event Level 1 is terminated.			
	until Event Level I is terminated.			
Fngine	ering Director or designee:			
	Review all pertinent information in order to recommend appropriate actions to the EAP			
11.	coordinator. If necessary, contact local emergency contractors and/or other individuals			
	that may be able to assist in monitoring or repairing the situation.			
On-Cal	l Engineer:			
	Provide decision support and technical support to the Engineering Director or designee as			
	appropriate. Send a qualified individual to the site as soon as possible.			
EVALUATION / DECISION				
Evaluate conditions at least daily, or whenever conditions change significantly. Using Table 1.1 and/or Table 3.1,				
determine whether:				
А.	The event warrants downgrade to Event Level 2. The event level may be downgraded once			
	fluids escaping from the ponds through the perimeter dike ceases. All contacts on Ev			
	Notification Flow Chart shall be notified of downgrade from Event Level 1 to Event Level 2.			
B. The event remains at the current Event Level. The event level shall remain at Event Level 1 as long as				
	fluids are escaping from the ponds through the perimeter dike.			
C.	The event can be terminated after a failure event occurs and the pond completely drains to a	a point where		
	there is no further threat to human loss of life, injury, or property damage.			

Based on this information, follow the appropriate actions below.

A) EVENT LEVEL 2	B) EVENT LEVEL 1	C) TERMINATED
Go to Event Level 2 Notification	Continue recommended actions	Go to Termination and Follow-Up
Chart	on this sheet	(Section 4)

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3.2 LOCALLY AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT, LABOR, AND MATERIALS

The following is a list of the addresses and phone number(s) of nearby companies (e.g.; pump and other heavy equipment rental, crane service, etc.) that may be needed and are available and willing to provide services in the case of an emergency event. Since Ash Pond System emergencies may not just occur during business hours, these companies have a 24-hour contact number and they are specifically notified that they may be contacted at any time when an emergency is noted. All companies have agreed in writing to this condition and have provided a 24-hour contact number that is included in this EAP.

The contractors listed below have been retained by Eagle Valley Generating Station to provide the equipment, labor and materials deemed necessary to respond to emergency situations that may develop at the Ash Pond System of the Eagle Valley Generating Station.

SET Environmental

- Initial response,
- Excavation,
- Remediation,
- Disposal, and
- Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER).

Denney Excavating

- Excavation,
- Transportation, and
- HAZWOPER.

Sub Surface of Indiana

3.3 INCIDENT OR EMERGENCY EVENT LOG

Use the Incident or Emergency Event Log (Form 3.1) on the next page to record actions and events during an Incident or Emergency Event and the time that the action or event occurred.





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FORM 3.1 Incident or Emergency Event Log

Eagle Valley Generating Station – Ash Pond System

You are (Circle One): EAP Coordinator / Designated Staff / On-Call Engineer / Engineering Director / or Warning/Evacuation Director

Detection

 What date and time did you detect/get notified of the event?
 ______ am/pm

 How did you detect/get notified of the event?
 _______ am/pm

Level of Determination

What initial level has the EAP Coordinator (or designee) assigned to the event?

Actions and Event Progression

Date	Time	Action/Event Progression	Taken By
	<u> </u>		



SECTION 4. TERMINATION AND FOLLOW-UP

Once EAP operations have begun under Event Level 3, 2, or 1, the EAP operations must eventually be terminated and follow-up procedures completed. As shown on Figure i, EAP operations can only be terminated after completing operations under Event Level 3 or 1. If an Event Level 2 is declared, the operations must be designated Event Level 3 or 1 before terminating the EAP operations.

4.1 TERMINATION RESPONSIBILITIES

EAP operations will be terminated by the Engineering Director (or designee) after it is agreed that either the operations have been completed (Event Level 1 or 3) or that it is necessary to change the Event Level (Event Level 2). Termination of an Event Level 3 must include written approval of the On-Call Engineer. Additionally, a report must be prepared to document the evaluation of the problem causing the need for the implementation of the EAP and the details of all actions taken to remediate the situation that resulted in the implementation of the EAP.

In the case of Event Level 1, termination can be accomplished by the Engineering Director and must include the specific actions taken to ensure the safety of people and property downstream. Do not terminate the EAP unless it is certain that there is no further threat.

4.2 FOLLOW-UP

Follow-up activities will be implemented to achieve the following general objectives:

Event Level 3 (Review to be completed within 90 days of termination)

- Review the existing EAP with all parties that participated in the EAP activities,
- Document any EAP procedures that were followed effectively,
- Document any ways that the EAP could be improved, and
- Insert this EAP Follow-up Report into Appendix B of the EAP.

Event Level 2

Should Event Level 2 be reached, but then changed to and terminated as an Event Level 3, the follow-up activities shall comply with those required for an Event Level 1 termination.

Event Level 1 (Review to be completed within 180 days of termination)

- Review the existing EAP with all parties that participated in the EAP activities,
- Document any EAP procedures that were followed effectively,
- Document any ways that the EAP could be improved,
- Brainstorm, document, and implement actions to prevent recurrence of the problem that caused the implementation of the EAP, and
- Insert this EAP Follow-up Report into Appendix B of the EAP.



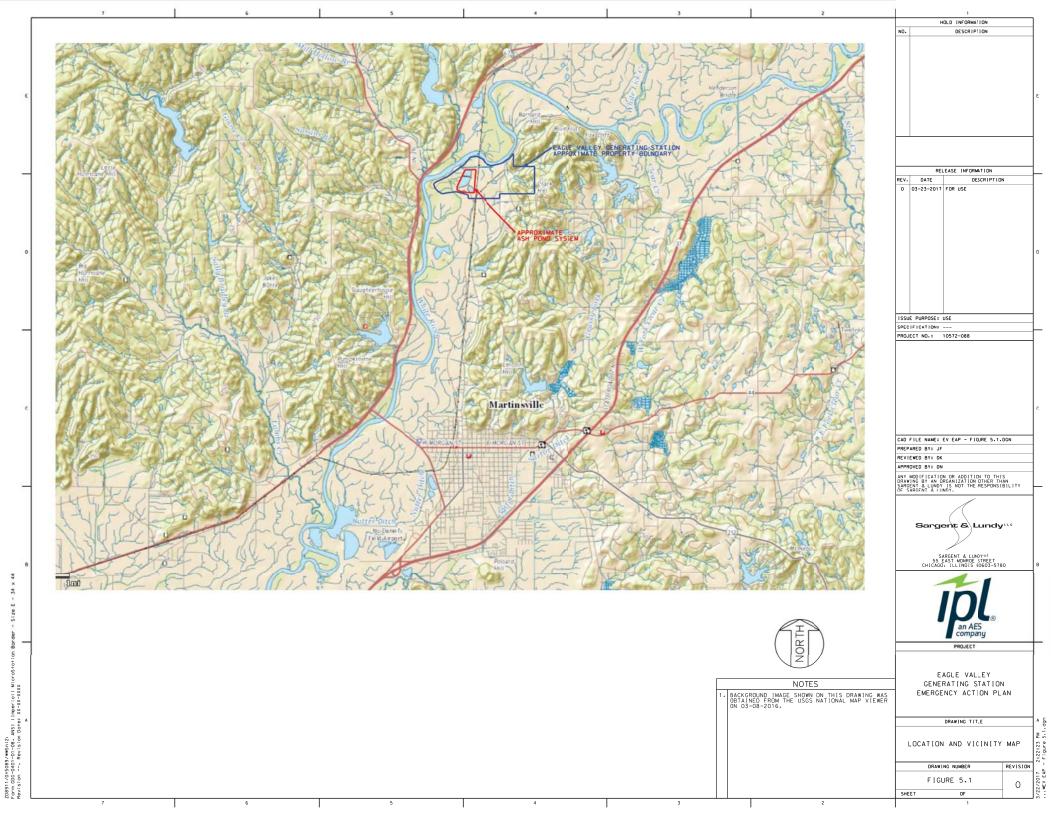


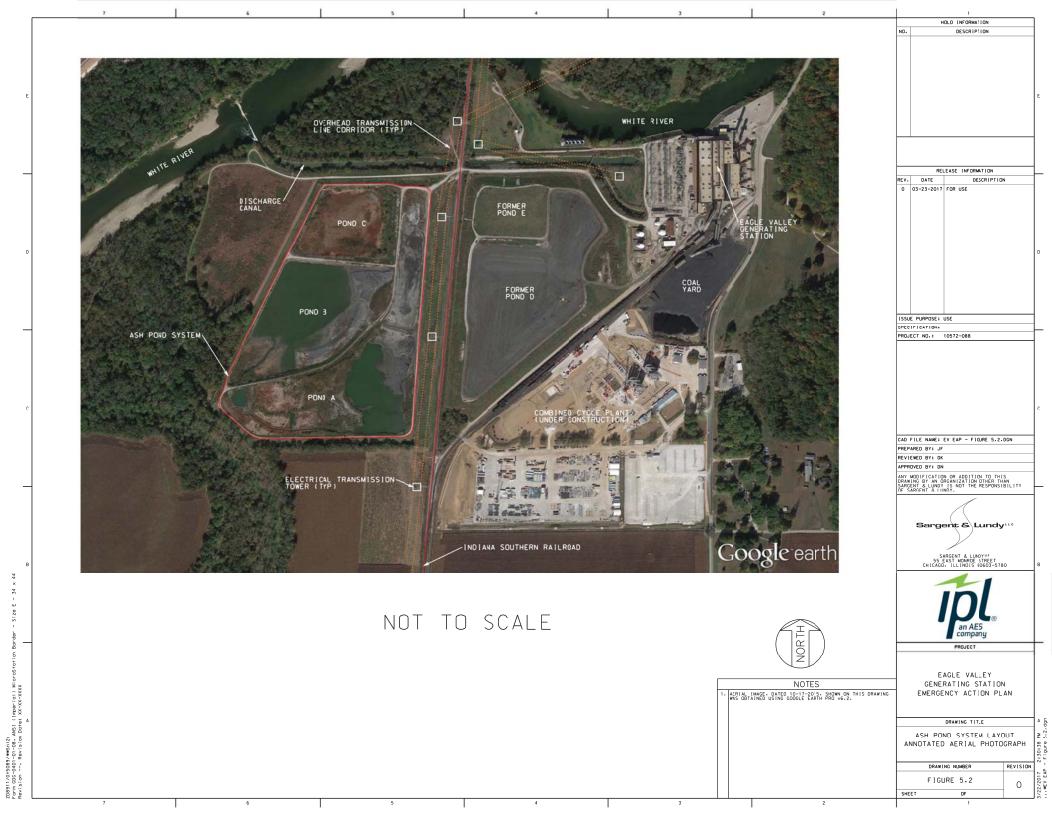
SECTION 5. MAPS, FIGURES, AND SUPPORTING DATA

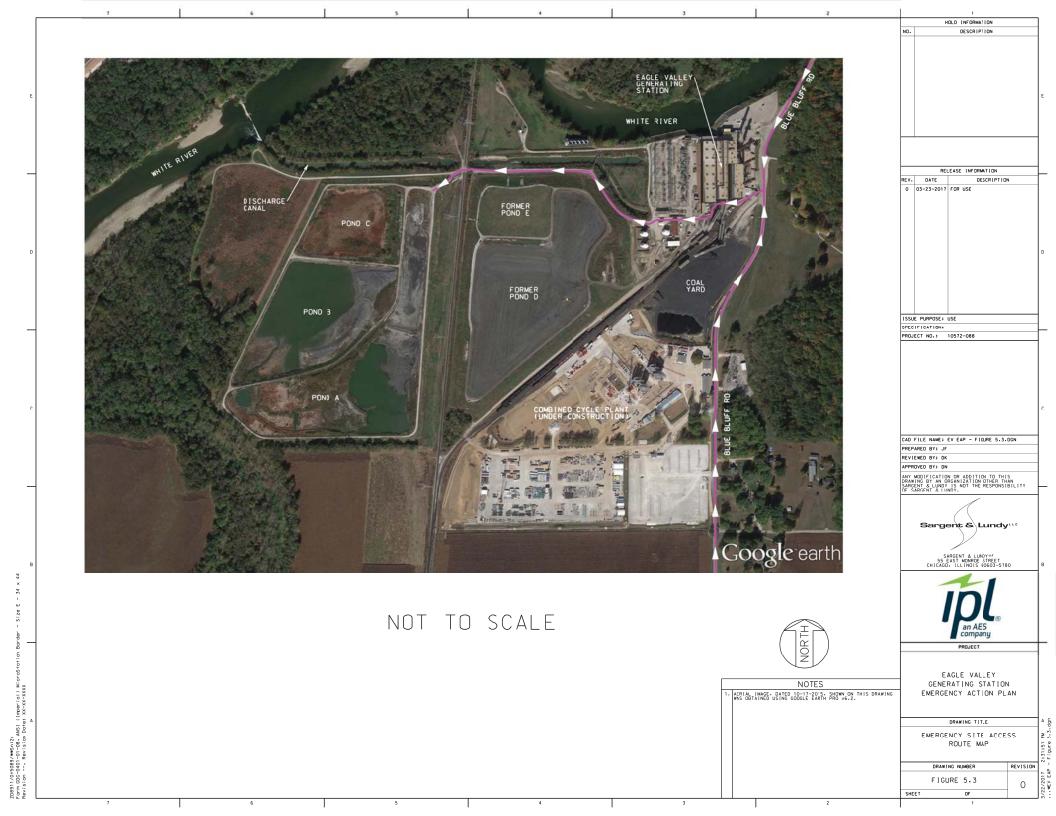
Copies of the following maps and figures are provided in this EAP for use in training personnel and during EAP operations.

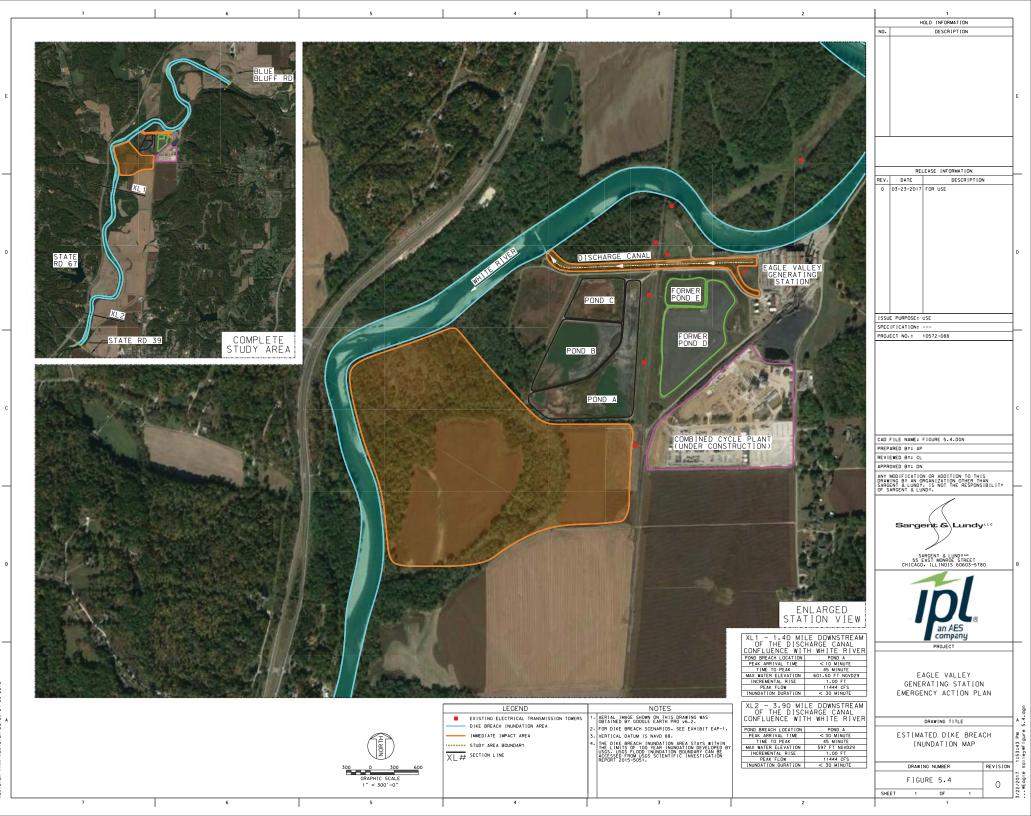
- Figure 5.1 Location and Vicinity Map
- Figure 5.2 Ash Pond System Layout Annotated Aerial Photograph
- Figure 5.3 Emergency Site Access Route Map
- Figure 5.4 Estimated Dike Breach Inundation Map
- Figure 5.5 Ash Pond System Area and Capacity Curves

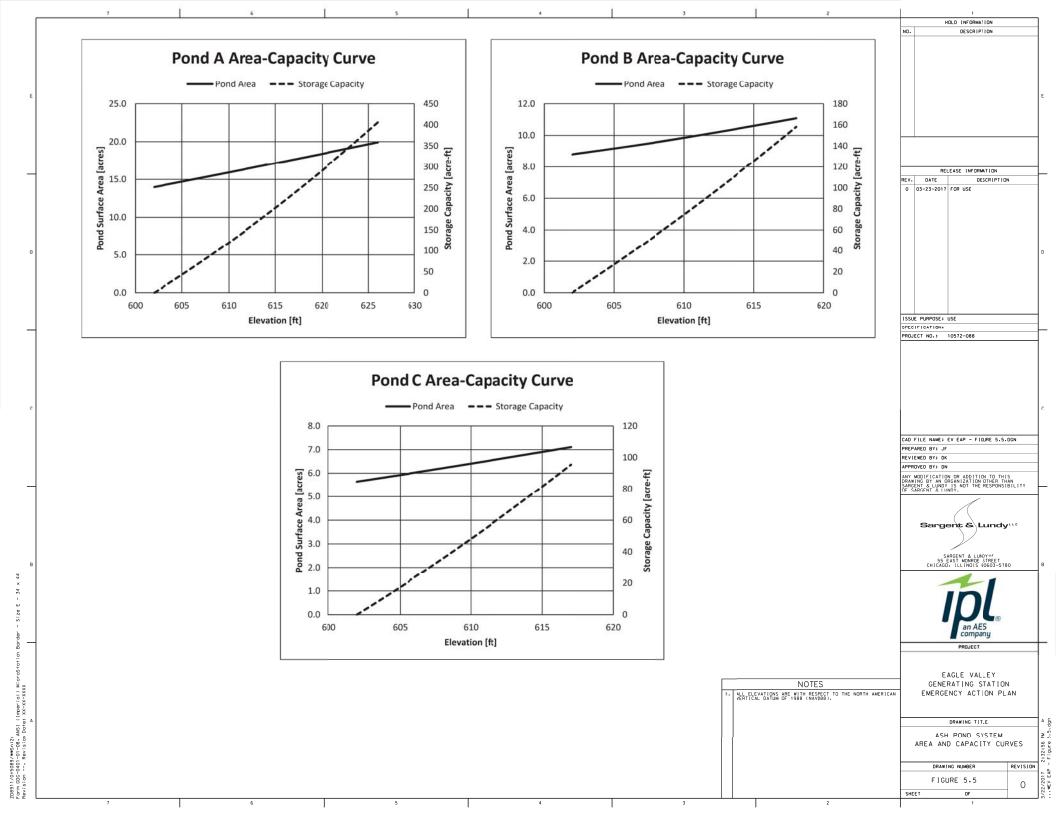














APPENDIX A

Warning and Evacuation

This appendix is available for inserting local warning and evacuation plans developed by the Warning/Evacuation branch.





APPENDIX B

Inundation Map Documentation





APPENDIX B

Inundation Map Documentation

The estimated flood inundation extent that could occur as a result of a dike breach at the Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System is presented on Figure 5.4 – Estimate Dike Breach Inundation Map. The Inundation Map includes flood wave traveling information including peak arrival time, maximum water elevation, incremental rise, peak dam breach flow, time to peak, and inundation duration for various locations on the map. The transparent orange and blue colored areas shown on Figure 5.4 represent the estimated maximum flood inundation extent. The areas of the map highlighted in transparent orange color represent an Immediate Impact Area and includes the Discharge Canal and other low-lying areas of the station adjacent to the ponds. The Immediate Impact Area has a very short flood wave arrival time (< 5 minutes) and the peak incremental water level rise can be significant; therefore, it is imperative that this area receive, if at all possible, preemptive warning of a potential dike breach should an incident or emergency event ever occur. The Dike Breach Inundation Areas represented by the transparent blue color are located further downstream from the Ash Pond System and are principally contained within natural water channels. Although, the water level is expected to temporarily rise as a result of a dike failure at the Ash Pond System, the peak incremental rise and flood wave arrival time are less critical. The flood wave arrival time is expected to be less than 30 minutes at the State Road 39 Bridge over the White River, which is approximately 4 miles downstream of the Ash Pond System.

As a result of this inundation study, the maximum flood extent that could occur as a result of a dike breach at the Ash Pond System was determined to be within the 2014 FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map boundary for Morgan County (Panels 144, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, and 262). In other words, flooding that may be caused by a dike breach is expected to remain within the river's flood plain and will not inundate areas beyond the 100-year flood plain. This study has identified some residential and commercial areas located within the anticipated inundation area – along the banks of the White River – which are also located within the 100-year flood plain. This study has concluded that a theoretical breach of the Ash Pond System dikes will not impose any greater risk to loss of life or economic damages to these residential and commercial areas than risks already associated with a 100-year flood.

Detailed back-up calculations that were used to develop the inundation map, including all assumptions, references, and supporting documents, can be reviewed upon request at the Eagle Valley Generating Station EAP office.

Basis and Assumptions

- 1) A two-dimensional hydrodynamic model (ADCIRC) was used to compute the maximum dike breach flood extent.
- 2) Dike breach scenarios were developed using pond geometry information, dike slope stability analysis, and soil boring data.
- 3) Since Former Ponds D and E were regraded in the fall of 2015 such that they no longer impound water, they are not included in the dike breach scenarios.
- 4) Cascading failure scenarios were developed based on engineering judgment, considering a combination of physically possible and realistic dike failure modes (i.e., hydrologic and non-





hydrologic) of each active pond. Conservatively, a scenario considering simultaneous failure of all active ponds was also evaluated.

- 5) Wet ash inside the pond is conservatively considered as an equivalent volume of water.
- 6) Final inundation map was developed enveloping the flooding extents from the hydraulic analyses for the dike breach scenarios.





APPENDIX C

Past EAP Activity

This appendix is the placeholder for copies of past EAP activity reports, Annual Review Verification Statements that must be completed after the annual review is performed, and Periodic Test Memos to be included after periodic tests have been performed.





APPENDIX D

EAP Review and Revision





APPENDIX D EAP Review and Revision

EAP Annual Review Meetings

The annual review of the EAP for evaluation of consistency with plant operations and available resources will be conducted by the EAP Coordinator and reviewed by the Engineering Director. All changes noted will be made to the EAP as required and any needed training will be provided. Note that an EAP Annual Review Verification Statement shall be completed upon conclusion of the review.

An annual meeting will be held for all EAP personnel included on the EAP distribution list in Appendix E to refresh themselves on the content of the EAP and to review the conduct of all EAP events that may have occurred. In the event that an Event Level 1 occurs, EAP personnel will meet immediately after the termination of the event to assess important aspects of this event and make all changes necessary to decrease the risk of future occurrences.

Revision

The EAP Coordinator will be responsible for ensuring that the EAP documents are revised. After changes are made, a new EAP with updated information will be sent to all holders with clear and prominent instructions to destroy the outdated copy in their files. The new EAP will be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Indiana in accordance with 40 CFR 257.73(a)(3)(iv). At least once annually, the EAP Coordinator will perform an audit of the EAP copies to ensure that all principal members of the organization have the correct copies in their possession.



FORM D.1

Ash Pond System - EAP Annual Review Verification Statement

Name of Dike: Eagle Valley Generating Station - Ash Pond System

Date of Drill:

- A. The current EAP is on hand and all revisions have been inserted.
- B. The readiness evaluated in the drill was acceptable.
- C. The communications network is correct and was verified.
- D. The training of personnel is sufficient and acceptable.
- E. The EAP Annual Review procedures were followed.

Additional Comments:

(individual responsible for conducting EAP Annual Review) Date

(printed name)

(EAP Coordinator)

Date

(printed name)





APPENDIX E

EAP Distribution





APPENDIX E EAP Distribution

Name	Title	Co	ntact Information	EAP Copy No.
John Terrell	EAP Coordinator	Contact information for emergency action personnel are on file with the appropriate station personnel.		1
Jason Deadmond	EAP Engineering Director			2
Brandon Daugherty	Alternate EAP Engineering Director			3
Claire Dalton	EAP Public Relations			4
Brandi Davis- Handy	Alternate EAP Public Relations			5
Donnie Warren	EAP Warning/Evacuation Director			6
Mark Tumey	Alternate EAP Warning/Evacuation Director			7
Dave Hendron	EAP On-Call Engineer			8
Rick Jacobs	Alternate EAP On-Call Engineer			9
Kevin Cook	IPL Eagle Valley Generating Station Plant Manager			10
				11
				12
				13
				14



APPENDIX F

Location of Supplementary Information

This appendix contains background information and pertinent data, and is also the place holder for any other key supplementary information such as emergency materials, service contracts, and any other relevant material for the Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System and other similar information that may be placed in this appendix by individual plan holders for quick reference during an event.





APPENDIX G

Glossary





APPENDIX G

Glossary

<u>Abutment:</u> The undisturbed natural material of the valley side against which a dike is constructed. The left and right abutments are defined as being on the right and left side of an observer looking downstream.

<u>Appurtenant structure</u>: A structure necessary for the operation of a dike, such as outlets, trash racks, valves, spillways, power plants, tunnels, etc.

<u>Breach:</u> An eroded opening through a dike that drains the reservoir. A controlled breach is a constructed opening. An uncontrolled breach is an unintentional opening that allows uncontrolled discharge from the reservoir.

<u>Channel:</u> A general term for any natural or artificial watercourse.

Conduit: A closed channel to convey water through, around, or under a dike.

Crest of Dike: Top of dike.

<u>Cross section</u>: A sectional view of a dike formed by passing a plane through the dike perpendicular to its axis.

<u>Dike:</u> A structure constructed of earth or coal combustion residual (CCR) materials intended to retain fluid and solid materials as part of CCR processing operations for the Eagle Valley Generating Station.

Dike failure: The uncontrolled release of reservoir contents.

<u>Drain, toe:</u> A system of pipes and/or pervious material along the downstream toe of a dike used to collect seepage from the foundation and embankment and convey it to a free outlet.

Drainage area: The area that drains to a particular point of a river or stream.

<u>Drawdown:</u> The difference between a water level and a lower water level in a reservoir within a particular time. Used as a verb, it is the lowering of the water surface due to release of water from the reservoir.

<u>EAP Operations:</u> All actions taken by Eagle Valley Generating Station and other involved parties to address an incident or emergency event.

<u>Earthquake:</u> A sudden motion or trembling in the earth caused by the abrupt release of accumulated stress along a fault.

<u>Emergency Action Plan (EAP)</u>: A comprehensive, single-source document providing accurate and current instructions intended to help Eagle Valley Generating Station and IPL save lives, minimize property damage, and minimize environmental impacts caused by large releases from a dike failure at the Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System, or other events that present hazardous conditions.



<u>Emergency Event</u>: An event which takes place or a condition which develops that is of a serious nature that may endanger the dike, or endanger persons or property, and demands immediate attention.

<u>Flood:</u> A temporary rise in water levels resulting in inundation of areas not normally covered by water; may be expressed in terms of probability of exceedance per year such as one percent chance flood or expressed as a fraction of the probable maximum flood or other reference flood. Some related terms are:

- a. <u>Flood, Inflow Design (IDF)</u>: That flood used in the design of a safe dike and its appurtenant works particularly for sizing the spillway and outlet works, and for determining maximum temporary storage and height of dike requirements.
- b. <u>Flood, Probable Maximum (PMF)</u>: The maximum run-off condition resulting from the most severe combination of hydrologic and meteorological conditions that are considered reasonably possible for the drainage basin under study.

<u>Freeboard:</u> Vertical distance between a stated water level and the top of dike.

<u>Height, maximum hydraulic:</u> The vertical distance between the maximum design water level and the lowest point in the original streambed.

<u>Height, structural:</u> The vertical distance between the lowest point on the dike crest and the lowest point of the excavated foundation.

Hydrograph, breach or dike failure: A flood hydrograph resulting from a dike breach.

<u>Hydrograph, flood:</u> A graphical representation of the flood discharge with respect to time for a particular point on a stream or river.

<u>Hydrograph, unit</u>: A hydrograph with a volume of one inch of run-off resulting from a storm of a specified duration and aerial distribution. Hydrographs from other storms of the same duration and distribution are assumed to have the same time base but with ordinates of flow in proportion to the run-off volumes.

<u>Incident:</u> An unusual event which takes place, or a condition which is slowly developing, that is not normally encountered in the routine operation of the Ash Pond System, or necessitates a variation from the operating procedures. Such events are more common than emergency conditions and often offer time to conduct preplanned responses to the slowly developing situation. If addressed in a timely manner, such events can often be prevented from progressing into a much worse event.

<u>Incident Command System (ICS)</u>: A management system designed to control personnel, equipment, supplies, and communications at the scene of an unusual or emergency event. An Incident Command System is typically deployed at the beginning of an event until the management of the on-scene





operations are no longer needed. The structure of the Incident Command System can be expanded or contracted depending on the changing needs of the event. The Incident Command System allows all involved parties to effectively communicate using common terminology.

<u>Instrumentation</u>: An arrangement of devices installed into or near dikes (piezometer and staff gauge at the Eagle Valley Generating Station Ash Pond System) that provide measurements that can be used to evaluate performance parameters of a structure.

Inundation map: A map delineating the area that would be submerged by a particular flood event.

<u>Length of dike</u>: The length along the top of the dike between contact abutments. This also includes the spillway, power plants, navigation lock, fish pass, etc., where these form part of the length of the dike. If detached from the dike, these structures should not be included.

Outlet: An opening through which water can be discharged.

<u>Phreatic surface:</u> The free surface of water seeping at atmospheric pressure through soil or rock.

<u>Piezometer:</u> An instrument for measuring water or pressure head.

<u>Piping:</u> The progressive development of internal erosion by seepage appearing downstream as a hole or seam discharging water containing soil particles.

<u>Probability:</u> The likelihood of an event occurring within a given period of time.

<u>Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP)</u>: Theoretically, the greatest depth of precipitation for a given duration that is physically possible over a given size storm area at a particular geographical location.

<u>Reservoir</u>: A body of water impounded by a dike in which water can be stored.

<u>Reservoir surface area:</u> The area covered by a reservoir when filled to a specified level.

<u>Riprap:</u> A layer of stone, precast blocks, bags of cement or other suitable material, generally placed on the upstream slopes of an embankment or along a watercourse as protection against wave action, erosion, or scour. It consists of pieces of relatively large size as distinguished from a gravel blanket.

Seepage: Flow or movement of water through a dike, its foundation, or its abutments.

<u>Slope:</u> Inclination from the horizontal, measured as the ratio of horizontal units to corresponding vertical units.





<u>Spillway:</u> A structure over or through which flow is discharged from a reservoir. If the rate of flow is controlled by mechanical means such as gates, it is considered a controlled spillway. If the elevation of the spillway crest is the only control, it is considered an uncontrolled spillway.

<u>Spillway channel:</u> An open channel or closed conduit conveying water from the spillway inlet downstream.

Spillway crest: The lowest level at which water can flow over or through the spillway.

<u>Spillway, chute:</u> An inclined channel, usually separate from the dike, to convey reservoir overflow into the natural channel below the dike or into an adjacent natural drainage channel.

<u>Storage:</u> The retention of water or delay of run-off either by planned operation, as in a reservoir, or by temporary filling of overflow areas, as in the progression of a flood wave through a natural stream channel. Definitions of specific types of storage in reservoirs are:

- a. <u>Dead Storage</u>: The reservoir volume between the invert of the lowest discharge and the reservoir bottom.
- b. <u>Active Storage:</u> The reservoir volume between the normal reservoir water surface elevation and the invert of the lowest discharge.
- c. <u>Flood Storage:</u> The reservoir volume between the crest of the dike and the normal reservoir water surface elevation.

